

ness of a small Star; from the Comparison of which with the Tail the Brightness of the latter may in some sort be collected: The Tail appear'd sharper, and not so much spread in the two following Observations, and in the last did not exceed one third Part of the first Length; it was then of a much darker Colour, which made the Difference between that and the Head more observable, the Head yet appearing sufficiently bright. For some following Nights his Lordship's Observations were interrupted by cloudy Weather, after which the Comet was so far diminish'd, as only to be known by its Motion, its Appearance being no ways distinguishable from that of a small nebuloſe Star.

*III. Observatio ejusdem Cometæ ab Illustrissimo Do-
mino Francisco Bianchini habita Albani Men-
ſe Octobri, 1723. & ab eodem Ulyſſipponem
missa P. Joanni Baptista Carbone Soc. f. E S. U.
Communiicavit Isaacus Samuda, M. D. Col. Med.
Lond. L. S. R. S.*

DI E 17 O^tobris, postquam Jovialium Comitum situm obſervassem fortè in Conſtellationem *Capricorni* oculos conieci; cumque aſtra ſingula percurrerem, in quamdam veluti nebulofam ſtellam incidi, cæteris ſane grandiorem, quam tamen ibidem loci numquam ante obſervaram. Rei novitate perſcrutaturus, eo Telescopium direxi, ſtatiuſque Cometen eſſe deprehendi; ſiquidem tenuiſſimæ nebulæ globus apparuit, ejusque in medio veluti lucidus nucleolus. Idem quoque nudis oculis diſcernere licuit; & præ-

ter nebulam, seu Cometæ atmosphærām, brevem quoque caudam, quæ ad orientem vergebāt, eratque hujusmodi. [Fig. 4.]

Ne me igitur ea occasio præteriret, consuetas circa illum observationes institui, ut ejus Longitudinem, Latitudinem, propriumque motum deprehenderem.

Et quidem prima nocte, die nempe 17. supradicta, transit per Meridianum (qui penè cum Romano coincidit) circa horam septimam 44' post Merid. ejusque distantia à Zenith, $69^{\circ} 29'$.

Hora 8. 11' 30'' distantia Cometæ à Fomakant Aquarii, intercepta est, $20^{\circ} 33'$ & hora 8. 17' 30'' distabat à Stella β in humero dextero Aquarii, $21^{\circ} 8'$. Proindeque versabatur Cometes in $11^{\circ} 54'$. Aquarii, cum Latitudine Australi ab Ecliptica $11^{\circ} 10'$ circiter.

Die 21. erat adeo proximus Stellæ ε in Lino supra manum sinistram Aquarij, quam ipsa ε est proxima Stellæ μ minori in eodem Lino, constituebatque Cometes cum utraque Stellæ ε, μ rectam Lineam, sic [Fig. 5.] Ex hac igitur observatione, & ex Ascensionis rectæ nec non declinationis differentiâ inter Cometen, & supradictam Stellam ε quam diligenter observavi, infertur locus Cometæ fuisse in $6^{\circ} 45'$. Aquarii cum Latitudine Boreali ab Eclipt. $8^{\circ} 51'$.

Hinc etiam infertur qualis Cometæ motus proprius fuerit, & quale iter ; per planum scilicet circuli maximi secantis Eclipticam in gradu 9 Aquarii, & constituentis cum eadem Ecliptica angulum 80 graduum circiter.

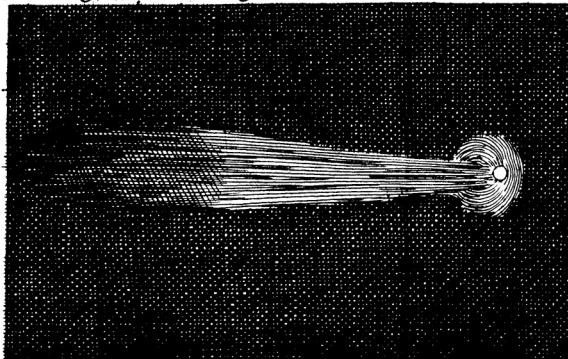
Reliquis diebus eadem semper proportione movebatur, magisque in dies elongari à terra visus est.

Parallaxim nullam sensibilem, et si pluries inten-
taverim, deprehendere potui; proindeque maxima
eius distantia à terra credenda est.

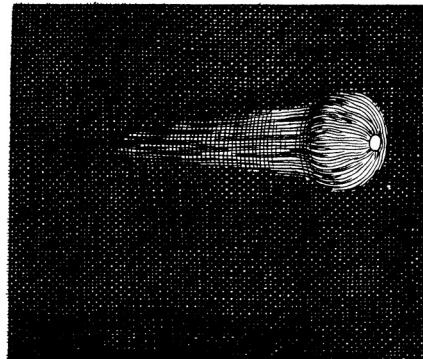
Hactenus Illustrissimus Dominus *Franciscus Bian-
chini* in Mathematicis Scientiis apprimè eruditus, & in
observando, quoad noverim, accuratissimus. Ejus
observatio à nostra, mea scilicet, ac Prioris Dominici
Capassi vix in uno aut altero minuto quoad latitudinem
discrepavit, cæterū omnino conformis. Quapropter
nec illam hic arbitror apponendam.

*IV. Observations about Wasps, and the Difference
of their Sexes. By the Reverend Mr. Derham,
F. R. S. Prebendary of Windsor.*

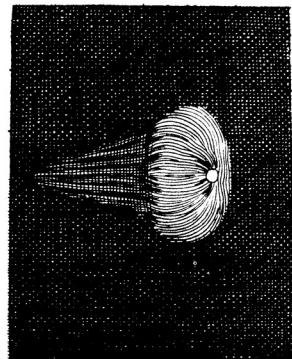
IN the Beginning of *July* last 1723. having fre-
quent occasion to be on the Top of our *Collegiate
Chapel* in *Windsor Castle*, I observed many *Wasps* fly-
ing about it, and particularly frequenting a Covering
of Deal Boards, and the Pieces of Timber lying on the
Leads. I took notice that most of these *Wasps* were
of a larger sort than usual, and thought they came
thither to gnaw the Wood, and to carry it away in
Mouthfuls to build their Nests; the Artifice of which
I have taken notice of in my *Phys. Theol.* particu-
larly *B. 4. ch. 11. note 21.* and *chap. 13. not. 12.* But
having caught some of them, and amongst the rest a
large *Queen-Wasp* (which sort of Wasp, by the by,
never engages in any Labours of the Colony) I be-
gan to be more strict in my Observations; and on *Ju-
ly 6.* I observed a Cluster of only three *Wasps* closely
embracing each other; one of which was a large *Fe-*
male



F.1 Friday Oct^r. 11th at 7. in the Evening.



F.2 Sunday Oct^r. 13th at 6. ditto



F.3 Tuesday Oct^r. 15th at 6. ditto

Supposing the
Moon to be of this
Diameter, the Comet
Seem'd to me to be in
proportion to this Circle;
as above delineated.

Fig. 4.



Fig. 5.

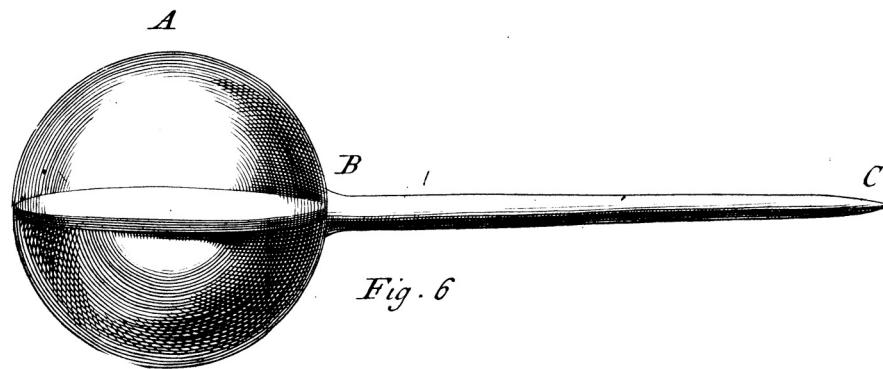


Fig. 6